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The necessary definitions can be found in [1].

Let  $Aut_{rec}\mathfrak{M}$  be the group of all computable automorphisms of a computable structure  $\mathfrak{M}$ .

THEOREM 1. Let G be a computable group and H be a subgroup of G such that  $G \setminus H$  is c. e.. Then there exists a computable model  $\mathfrak{M}$  such that  $H \cong Aut_{rec}\mathfrak{M}$ .

Therefore the center of a computable group can be represented as a group of computable automorphisms of a computable model.

Let  $\{G_i\}_{i \in \omega}$  be an uniformly computable family of groups and  $\{\theta_i\}_{i \in \omega}$  be an uniformly computable family of homomorphisms such that

 $\ldots \to G_2 \xrightarrow{\theta_1} G_1 \xrightarrow{\theta_0} G_0.$ 

A sequence  $(\ldots g_2, g_1, g_0)$  is called a thread if for any  $i \in \omega$   $g_i \in G_i$  and  $\theta_i(g_{i+1}) = g_i$ . The multiplication of threads is defined in natural way. A thread is *computable* if there exists a computable function f such that  $f(i) = g_i$ . The set of all computable threads with defined multiplication operation is a group called a reverse computable limit  $\lim_{rec} G_i$  of  $\{G_i\}_{i \in \omega}$ .

THEOREM 2. Let  $\{G_i\}_{i\in\omega}$  and  $\{\theta_i\}_{i\in\omega}$  be as above. Then there exists a computable model  $\mathfrak{G}$  such that  $\lim_{rec} G_i \cong Aut_{rec}\mathfrak{G}$ .

Let B be a computable group, A be a group of all computable automorphisms of a computable model  $\mathfrak{M}$  and  $Rec(A^B)$  be the set of all computable mappings  $\mu: B \to A$ . The Cartesian product  $B \times Rec(A^B)$  with an operation \*

$$(b_1, f_1) * (b_2, f_2) = (b_1 b_2, f_1^{b_2} f_2)$$

(here  $f^b(x) = f(bx)$ ) is a group called a computable wreath product  $A \diamond B$  of A by B.

THEOREM 3. Let A and B be as above. Then there exists a computable model  $\mathfrak{T}$  such that  $A \diamond B \cong Aut_{rec}\mathfrak{T}$ .

[1] MOROZOV A. S., Groups of computable automorphisms, Handbook of recursive mathematics. Studies in logic and foundations of mathematics. Vol. 1 (Y. L. Ershov, S. S. Goncharov, A. Nerode, J. B. Remmel, editors), Elsevier, Amsterdam; 1998, pp. 311–345.